

Consolidated with the Morenci Leader
Published Every Friday by
THE ERA PUBLISHING COMPANY

W. B. KELLY,

Editor and Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at Clifton, Arizona, for transmission through the mails as second class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Payable Strictly in Advance

For the United States, Mexico and Canada.....\$2.50
All other countries in Postal union.....3.00
Single copies......10

THE RECALL VICTORY IN CALIFORNIA.

The election in the state of California on Tuesday, as was forecasted several months in advance, resulted in the adoption of the constitutional amendment providing for the recall of all public officials including Judges. The endorsement of the constitutional amendments was the completion of the campaign instituted by Governor Hiram Johnson a year ago upon a platform endorsing the Oregon plan of direct legislation and pure democracy government. In the campaign just closed the ultra radical Governor of California was able to enlist the politicians of all parties who are seeking political favors in the Golden State. Notable among these was the Senator from Southern California, John D. Works, who within a year has "flopped" from a statesman favoring a representative form of Government to an ultra radical politician seeking a second term. California has embraced the plan of a pure democracy in its state government. The voters at the ballot box may pass laws; a majority of the voters may construe the law; a majority of voters may declare any law unconstitutional; a majority of voters may remove any Judge from office when his decision does not meet the wishes of the majority. In fact, California has gone bag and baggage into the old Populist party on the one hand and the Socialist party on the other. Neither the Initiative and Referendum or the Recall are new ideas in government. They have been advocated by the Populists and Socialists for many years past. At times they have met with temporary popularity among the people but the popularity has been short lived. The sensible American people have long ago discarded them as essentials in our government. They have sprung up time and again in this and that locality but the fallacy, the impracticability, the danger, have always loomed ahead sufficiently to deter any successful political party in the nation from adopting these principles as a part of their platforms. This direct legislation fever must run its course. So far it has been a good thing for the politicians to ride into office upon and the "foxy" politicians of both parties have been eager to seize upon it and claim it for their very own.

The issue still remains, the result of the election in California, notwithstanding. Is this country to become a pure democracy or continue republican in form? In the days of old when our forefathers were building the foundation for the government of this great republic they were careful to guard against the dangers of a pure democracy; they were careful and painstaking to see that one department of government would serve as a check upon the other. They declared it to be fundamental that the people of this country should maintain Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments and that each should be independent of the other. These three separate and distinct departments of our government are leveled and made one through the medium now proposed of the Initiative, Referendum and Recall. A majority at the polls will make right! A majority at the polls will dispense Justice! A majority at the polls on election day will construe the laws of the land! The constitution of any state, yea the United States, will be the result of counting a majority of the ballots on the day of an election. The minority will have no rights which must be respected. There will be no guarantees to any one under the constitution for these guarantees may be swept aside by the majority who can get to the polls on election day. We shall have one continual round of elections and the professional voter and professional circulator of petitions should wax fat and boozy. We shall have elections to nominate candidates in the primary; we shall have elections to elect officers and elections to recall them; there will be elections to initiate laws and referendum elections to annul them; there will be elections to pass laws and elections to recall judges who construe the laws. Government will become a fine professional art. Every man will have his own law library. Briefs, instead of being filed with the court, should be passed around among the voters. Lawyers, instead of trying cases before Judge and Jury, should hire a hall, mount a soap box and appeal to the majority. A majority of those who go to the election booth on election day, which will be almost every day, will be the supreme law of the land from which there can be no appeal.

It is a consoling thought, that in the end the intelligent, thinking, patriotic American people still govern this country. There is no danger that they will ever consent to trade their glorious American birthright, and the form of government given us by our forefathers, for this mess of pottage.

The welcome extended to Mark Smith upon his arrival in Clifton Friday afternoon was the old fashioned democratic sort. Enthusiastic, hearty and generous. The Mark Smith enthusiasm in this campaign is not the manufactured kind. It is spontaneous and sincere and comes from the hearts of the citizens of Arizona who know this brave and fearless leader of democracy for his true worth.

The strongest support for Mark Smith in his race for United States Senator comes from the old pioneers of Arizona. These "old boys" have known him for more than a quarter of a century. He has lived among them the better part of his life. They know him better than anybody and their good words in his behalf; their solid endorsement, their confidence, is his best recommendation.

The school situation has reached an acute stage. The lack of proper accommodations is a condition which must be met and met promptly. Another meeting of the trustees, parents and taxpayers of the district will be held at the Library Wednesday evening October 18th. No time must be lost in taking the necessary steps to provide adequate and comfortable quarters in all sections of the district.

MORENCI NEWS

The members of the Morenci Soccer Football team will meet at the Humboldt band room on Thursday night, October 19th, to organize and get ready for the season now advancing. It is hoped that there will be a good attendance and that the club will get enough encouragement to allow them to make preparations for the coming football campaign.

Sunday morning Misses Lloyd, McGowan, Crozier, Dyaniger and Merna Robinson, chaperoned by Mrs. Jack Farrel, left for Thatcher where the State Institute will be held this year. They rode to Bonita Sunday and spent the rest of the day as guest at the Farrell ranch starting for Thatcher Monday morning. The remainder of the teachers left Monday going by way of Coronado to Solomonville by stage where they were met by a delegation in automobiles who conveyed them to Thatcher.

Ben Fehrman, Marie Wild and Mr. and Mrs. Joe Wild took a horse back ride to Clifton Saturday evening, took in the dance, then journeyed up the Frisco river above Dell Potter's ranch and camped for the night and to spend Sunday. All report a good time except Joe who says there is the busiest bunch of ants up the Frisco any place he has been and the funny part was that they worked overtime or in relays, as they were working on arrival of the Morenci party and did not quit as long as the visitors stayed.

Chappie Lapoint, the hero of the last battle of Juarez, is home from an extended visit in the east. The many friends of the battle scared veteran are glad to again shake the hand of one who so narrowly escaped dying the death of a true hero on the line of battle. Chappie left for the east some time ago and while in El Paso thought he would overlook the town where the great battle had taken place a few months before, little thinking that he would ere getting out of the historic town be the man to start and end another battle that would go down in history with him named as the chief actor.

Considerable excitement prevailed Monday about camp, and especially in the homes of girls who had gone on the trip, over a report that was circulated to the effect that two of the school teachers who had started overland for Thatcher had lost their horses in quicksand at Bonita River. For a long time the origin of the news could not be learned, but eventually was traced to some Mexicans who had brought vegetables in that morning. When cornered and accused of having made such a statement, they emphatically denied any knowledge of any such accident, or having started the rumor. As far as could be learned the teachers arrived in Thatcher Monday afternoon.

Going over on the modern conveyance of a street car, and after viewing the town for some time, he started in to walk back to El Paso, but lo and behold, after going part of the distance to the international line he was accosted and held up by six stalwart men who surrounded him and started back to the guard house with him as a prisoner of war. There were soldiers in front of him; soldiers behind him; soldiers to the left of him and soldiers to the right of him, and he with nothing to do but to march with them. Then Chappie did some tall thinking of the dark and dreary dungeon of which he had read so much, and bethought himself of a better way and proceeded to put up the necessary talk in order to clear himself of any charges as to being a spy and to get out of being held in solitary confinement as a prisoner of war. It cost him quite a sum of money, yet he says that liberty is better than being shot as a spy, or being held incommunicado. However his case caused a pitched battle to be fought between the soldiers and police and during this fusillade Chappie showed the hero that he was in making his getaway under the smoke of battle and to tell his friends that thought the fight had been fierce and the bullets thick he was still alive, well, and able to tell the story of the last great battle of Juarez.

Two Killings Reported

Silver City, N. M., Oct. 10.—The sheriff's department received news of the killing of one man, a Mexican, and the probable fatal wounding of another at Lordsburg. Both men were employed in the 86 mine. Were in town on a drunk and had a fight. Constable O. Allen attempted to arrest them when it is alleged they resisted and to save himself he was compelled to use his gun. Sheriff McGrath has gone to Lordsburg. News of a killing in the Mogollon mining camp also reached here today. In a fight between Henry McDaniel, a negro and a Mexican, the latter was shot and killed. McDaniel is a bad gun man and was recently paroled from the penitentiary where he was serving a life term for killing a negro in Silver City in 1896. It was the day after election and they fell out over the division of election boodle.

NOMINATIONS STATE OFFICES

Road Superintendent: S F Awalt, Clifton, Arizona; Wofford Alston, Sheldon, Arizona; G L Crawford, Clifton, Arizona.

Surveyor: H Ogle Tunis, Clifton, Arizona.

Supervisors: B F Billingsley, Duncan, Arizona; R A Campbell, Metcalf, Arizona; J H T Cosper, Blue, Arizona; John R Crumb, Clifton, Arizona; Wade Hampton, Clifton, Arizona; Theodore Shirley, Clifton, Arizona; Minor O Simms, Clifton, Arizona.

Justice of the Peace Clifton Precinct: C J Hill, Clifton, Arizona; L V Hoyt, Clifton, Arizona; W T Richards, Clifton, Arizona.

Constable Clifton Precinct: I N Dilliner, Clifton, Arizona.

Justice of the Peace Morenci Precinct: Wm Knight, Morenci, Arizona; B K Williams, Morenci, Arizona.

Constable Morenci Precinct: James G Cash, Morenci, Arizona; F H Remick, Morenci, Arizona.

Constable Metcalf Precinct: George Burkner, Metcalf, Arizona.

Justice of the Peace Duncan Precinct: John K Bullard, Duncan, Arizona.

Precinct Committeemen Clifton: George W Fraser, Clifton, Arizona; Duncan McNeil, Clifton, Arizona; W A Tyler, Clifton, Arizona; R J Dunagan, Clifton, Arizona; W B Kelly, Clifton, Arizona; John R Hampton, Clifton, Arizona; W A Tappin, Clifton, Arizona.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY TICKET

State Senator: A L Cummings, Morenci, Arizona.

State Representative: W M Moberly, Morenci, Arizona; I N Stevens, Clifton, Arizona.

Judge of the Superior Court: L Kearney, Clifton, Arizona.

Clerk of the Superior Court: C C Sellers, Clifton, Arizona.

Sheriff: John D Patty, Clifton, Arizona.

Recorder: C G Spann, Clifton, Arizona.

Assessor: C E Tyler, Clifton, Arizona.

Road Superintendent: W F Hagan, Clifton, Arizona.

School Superintendent: L P Baker, Clifton, Arizona.

Supervisors: C. P. Dunn, Clifton, Arizona; John A Farrell, Morenci, Arizona; J A Terrell, Clifton, Arizona; J L T Watters, Duncan, Arizona.

Justice of the Peace Clifton Precinct: Richard Kain, Clifton, Arizona; C E Leonard, Clifton, Ariz; Eugene Schwab, Clifton, Arizona.

Justice of the Peace Morenci Precinct: Albert B Cutler, Morenci, Arizona.

Justice of the Peace Metcalf Precinct: W F Burns, Metcalf, Arizona.

Constable Duncan Precinct: R S Stewart, Duncan, Arizona.

Precinct Committeemen Clifton Precinct: T A Balmer, Clifton, Arizona; C P Dunn, Clifton, Arizona; George Hall, Clifton, Arizona; Ed Leonard, Clifton, Arizona; B F Springs, Clifton, Arizona; H A Wright, Clifton, Arizona.

Precinct Committeemen Morenci Precinct: A L Cummings, Morenci, Arizona; W C Crawford, Morenci, Arizona; F J Coleman, Morenci, Arizona; W J Donahue, Morenci, Arizona; J M Erickson, Morenci, Arizona; H A Goodrich, Morenci, Arizona.

Democrats True to Ideals (Globe Silver Belt)

The warmth of the welcome and the size of the audience that greeted Tom Weedon and Mark Smith and Judge Rouse at Miami last night opened the eyes of those who had fondly hoped that democracy—real democracy, because they are democrats and willing to hear every side of every public question, will listen to any man or set of men who set themselves up as political leaders, but because they listen it should not be taken for granted that they have been won over. They remain true and can be depended upon to flock to the standard of real democracy when it is borne aloft by men of ability and high ideals such as characterize the leaders of the party who are now honoring Globe by their presence.

Weedon and Smith and Rouse never in their zeal to catch votes have abandoned their party faith nor have they wandered after false gods because it seemed to be the popular thing to do—they are of the sterling, rock ribbed type of men who would rather be right than popular. Their democracy has never been questioned; while always open to conviction and as ready to receive as to advance a new idea if it is calculated to benefit the majority of mankind they never have set at the feet of the La Follettes and the Bourne and the Bergrers with a pretense of imbibing political wisdom actuated by the hope that the pretense would be accepted by republicans and socialists as the real thing and cause an accession of votes.

With Weedon as chief executive, Smith in the senate and Rouse on the bench, the people of Arizona rich and poor, laborer and capitalist, will feel sure that their interests will be guarded and that every man no matter what his station will be given a square deal.

A PROCLAMATION

By the Governor of Arizona for the Holding of a General State Election

Whereas, I, Richard E. Sloan, Governor of the Territory of Arizona, did, on the 28th day of August 1911, receive from the president of the United States a certified copy of the joint resolution of the senate and house of representatives of the United States, approved August 21, 1911, and a notice to the effect that under said resolution so certified it is made my official duty, as Governor of the Territory of Arizona, within thirty days from the date of the receipt of such certificate and notice, to issue a proclamation for the holding of the first general election as provided for in election ordinance No. 2, adopted by the constitutional convention of Arizona, and for the submission to a vote of the electors of the said territory of the amendment to the constitution of the proposed State of Arizona in accordance with the terms and conditions contained in said joint resolution:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the authority conferred by the Act of Congress, approved June 20, 1910, and the joint resolution of the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, approved August 21, 1911, and in accordance with said certificate and notice received from the President of the United States, I, Richard E. Sloan, Governor of the Territory of Arizona, do hereby proclaim and order that a general election shall be held within the Territory of Arizona on Tuesday, the 12th day of December, 1911.

I do further proclaim and order that at said election there shall be elected those officers who, by the terms of the constitution of the proposed State of Arizona, are to be elected at the first state election provided for by said Act of June 20, 1910, that is to say, there shall be elected a governor, a secretary of state, a state auditor, a state treasurer, an attorney general and a superintendent of public instruction, the term of office of each of which officers shall end on the first Monday of January A. D. 1913, or when his successor is elected and qualified.

I do further proclaim and order that at said general election there shall be elected by the people of the Territory of Arizona one representative in congress.

I do further proclaim and order that there shall likewise be elected by the territory at large three judges of the supreme court whose terms of office shall be co-terminus with that of the governor of the state elected at said election.

I do further proclaim and order that there shall likewise be elected by the people of the territory at said general election three corporation commissioners whose terms of office shall be co-terminus with that of the governor of the state elected at the same time.

I do further proclaim and order that there shall be elected at said general election by the people of the territory a legislature consisting of a senate of nineteen members and a house of representatives of thirty five members who shall be apportioned among the several counties as follows:

Apache county, 1 senator, 1 representative; Cochise county, 2 senators, 7 representatives; Coconino county, 1 senator, 1 representative; Gila county, 2 senators, 3 representatives; Graham county, 1 senator, 2 representatives; Greenlee county, 1 senator, 2 representatives; Maricopa county, 2 senators, 6 representatives; Mohave county, 1 senator, 1 representative; Navajo county, 1 senator, 1 representative; Pima county, 2 senators, 3 representatives; Pinal county, 1 senator, 1 representative; Santa Cruz county, 1 senator, 1 representative; Yavapai county, 2 senators, 4 representatives; Yuma county, 1 senator, 2 representatives.

I do further proclaim and order that in each county of the territory there shall be elected at said general election the following county officers, namely: a sheriff, a recorder, a treasurer, a school superintendent, a county attorney, an assessor, a county superintendent of roads and a surveyor, the term of office of each of said officers shall terminate on the first Monday in January, 1913; and there shall also be elected at said general election in each of said counties three supervisors, whose terms of office shall be as follows: the candidate who shall receive the highest number of votes at said election shall hold office until the first Monday in January, 1915, and the two candidates receiving the next highest number of votes shall hold office until the first Monday in January, 1913.

I do further proclaim and order that there shall be elected in each county of the territory at said general election a judge of the superior court, whose term of office shall be co-terminus with that of the governor

of the state elected at a general election; and there shall likewise be elected in each county at said general election a clerk of the superior court whose term of office shall be co-terminus with that of the judge of said county elected at said general election.

I do further proclaim and order that under and by virtue of the provisions of said joint resolution the electors of Arizona at said general election shall vote upon and ratify and adopt the following proposed amendment to the proposed constitution of the proposed state of Arizona as a condition precedent to the admission of said state, to wit:

"Section 1. Every public officer in the State of Arizona, except members of the judiciary, holding an elective office, either by election or appointment, is subject to recall from such office by the qualified electors of the electoral district from which candidates are elected to such office. Such electoral district may include the whole state. Such number of said electors as shall equal twenty five per centum of the number of votes cast at the last preceding general election for all of the candidates for the office held by such officer may by petition, which shall be known as a recall petition, demand his recall." I do further proclaim and order that the ballots to be provided for said general election shall have printed thereon this proposed amendment, and there shall be placed on said ballots two blank squares with dimensions of one half an inch, and opposite one of said squares shall be printed the words, "for constitutional amendment," and opposite the other blank square shall be printed the words, "against constitutional amendment."

I do further proclaim and order that under and by virtue of the provisions of the Enabling Act of congress, approved June 20, 1910, and the terms and provisions of said ordinance No. 2, a qualified elector at said general election shall be any male citizen having resided in the territory at least twelve months next preceding the date of the election of delegates to the said constitutional convention, which was held on the 12th day of September, 1910, and who shall possess in other respects the qualifications of an elector as provided by Title 20, Revised statutes of Arizona, August 2, 1901, and whose name appeared upon the great register as constituted by section 19, of said Enabling Act; and I do hereby offer a reward of fifty (\$50.00) Dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, part 1, of the Penal Code, such reward to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the amount of one thousand (\$1000.00) Dollars.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the territory to be affixed, Done at Phoenix, the capital, this 20th day of September, A. D., nineteen hundred and eleven.

RICHARD E. SLOAN.

By the Governor: GEO. U. YOUNG, Secretary of Arizona.

Notice to Taxpayers

The duplicate assessment roll of Greenlee county for the year 1911 is now in my possession for the collection of taxes levied. Taxes will be delinquent on the third Monday of December next, (Dec. 18th, 1911,) and unless paid on that day or prior thereto, five per cent will be added to the amount thereof as penalty. Taxes will be received at any bank or Trust Co. in Greenlee county after October 15th, 1911. JOHN M. WEBSTER, Treasurer and Ex Officio Tax Collector. 10-44t

Riley's

Fresh Candies

After September 1st.

Home Made

Expert candy maker in charge.

Special This Week:

Cocoanut Brittle
Cocoanut Bar
Peanut Brittle
Peanut Bar
Cocoanut Kisses
Italian Cream Fudge
and McDonald 400 Choc-olates.

Riley's